

Rules Proposals from IPSC Colombia

1. Amend Handgun and Action Air Rule 3.2.1

Handgun

3.2.1 A written stage briefing consistent with these rules and approved by the Range Master must be posted at each course of fire prior to commencement of the match. This briefing will take precedence over any course of fire information published or otherwise communicated to competitors in advance of the match, and it must provide the following minimum information:

- Targets (type & number);
- Number of rounds to be scored;
- The handgun ready condition, if different to that specified in Rule 8.2.2;
- Start position;
- Time starts: audible or visual signal;
- Procedure.

Action Air

3.2.1 A written stage briefing consistent with these rules and approved by the Range Master must be posted at each course of fire prior to commencement of the match. This briefing will take precedence over any course of fire information published or otherwise communicated to competitors in advance of the match, and it must provide the following minimum information:

- Targets (type & number);
- Number of projectiles to be scored;
- The handgun ready condition, if different to that specified in Rule 8.2.2;
- Start position;
- Time starts: audible or visual signal;
- Time stops: last shot and/or Stop Plate;
- Location of Stop Plate (if used);
- Procedure.

2. Amend Handgun and Action Air Rule 8.1.2.5

Handgun

8.1.2.5 If a handgun has a decocking lever, that alone must be used a competitor may either use it to decock the handgun, without touching the trigger, or may safely and manually lower the hammer all the way forward (i.e. not just to a "half-cock notch" or to another similar intermediary position). If a handgun does not have a decocking lever, the hammer must be safely and manually lowered all the way forward (i.e. not just to a "half-cock notch" or to another similar intermediary position).

Action Air

8.1.2.5 If a handgun has a decocking lever, that alone must be used a competitor may either use it to decock the handgun, without touching the trigger, or may safely and manually lower the hammer all the way forward (i.e. not just to a "half-cock notch" or to another similar intermediary position). If a handgun does not have a decocking lever, the hammer must be safely and manually lowered all the way forward (i.e. not just to a "half-cock notch" or to another similar intermediary position), or by removing the gas supply and dropping the hammer by activation of the trigger.